SPOTLIGHT

Community based corrections programs require a partnership between local public safety entities and the county to provide and expand the use of community-based punishment for low-level offender populations.

Each county’s local Community Corrections Partnership should play a critical role in developing programs and ensuring appropriate outcomes for low-level offenders.

PC 17.5(6)
Probation
Evidence Based Practices and Compliance
What Does This Program/Position Do?

- Provides training and Fidelity in the use of validated assessments and supervision tools
- On-going training for staff
- Conducts cognitive behavior therapy groups for high risk offenders
- Supports assessments and initial case plans created at the onset of supervision
Why Is This Important?

- Reduced cost for training by providing quality in-house trainers

- Supports implementation of programs shown to reduce reoffending

- Increased public safety
What Do We Get?

• 2 FTE probation officers
• Well trained staff
• Consistency in assessments and supervision
• Support for the cornerstone of AB109- utilization of evidence based practices (EBP) to reduce reoffending
Day Reporting Center Services
What Does This Program/Position Do?

- Keeps offenders out of custody
- Helps offenders correct their thinking errors and provides opportunities to model and practice problem solving and pro-social skills
  - Utilizes cognitive behavioral therapy (CBT) curriculum
  - Intensive program structure
  - Therapeutic work groups
  - Case management
Why Is This Important?

- Most effective way to address high risk offenders
- Cognitive behavioral treatment
- Dosage and intensity impact positive outcomes
- Nationally recognized treatment model
What Do We Get?

- Day reporting services 7 days a week with hours that range from 8am to 8pm
- Individual case management driven by assessments
- Well trained and professional staff
- “Intensive” alternative to custody
Employment Services

PROBATION DEPARTMENT
What Does This Program/Position Do?

All levels of employment services designed to help offenders become employed and self sufficient

- Employment readiness activities; one-to-one & group
- On the job training
- Subsidized employment
- Unsubsidized employment
- 3rd party tuition paid training

• Supportive Services
Why Is This Important?

- Successful employment results in financial independence, is beneficial for the economy, contributes to long-term success and allows for the payment of victim restitution, other legal obligations or child support.
What Do We Get?

- Three different service providers
- 10 staff (6.6 FTE) providing case management, training, supervision, and office support
- Job placement and retention support
- Funding to enhance employer recruitment
- Vocational training for mostly untrained population
Housing Services
What Does This Program/Position Do?

2 Different Types of Support

- Incentive based and needs based housing
  - Identification and recruitment of landlords
  - Financial support to obtain housing
  - Emergency housing

- Transitional Housing
  - Up to 180 days transitional housing
  - Housing includes sustenance, supervision, security, access to full array of reentry services
Why Is This Important?

- High risk offenders who are homeless need a clean and sober living environment while they seek employment, save money and search for stable housing

- Increases:
  - Supervision
  - Accessibility for services and treatment
  - Ability to focus on making lifestyle changes
  - Potential for employment, family reunification, abstinence, program completion
What Do We Get?

- 1.75 FTE for case management and house supervision
- Two houses providing living conditions for 12 men and 4 women
- Emergency placement in local shelters, motels/hotels, and Turning Point main facility
- Financial support for first month’s rent and rental deposits
Reentry Services

PROBATION DEPARTMENT
What Does This Program/Position Do?

- Help participants reintegrate back into the community
- Address needs of offenders returning to the community after incarceration
- Increased supervision
- Provide assistance with referrals and access to community based programs
- Help participants become “program ready” for specialized or long term programs
Why Is This Important?

- There are 3 phases associated with offender reentry:
  - Release period: Reentry Services
    - Program seeks to connect them with various services
  - Enables immediate needs to be identified and supports the completion of short term goals
What Do We Get?

- Monday – Friday classroom facilitation

- Increased supervision beyond what would normally be available

- Cognitive behavioral approach to helping participants reintegrate as smoothly as possible

- One-stop model:
  - Other programs can access participants
  - Social services access, information, referral and applications
Administrative Oversight

DATA EVALUATION
FISCAL COMPLIANCE
PROGRAM COMPLIANCE

PROBATION DEPARTMENT
What Does This Program/Position Do?

- Provide administrative and clerical support for the CCP
- Oversight and performance of AB109 fiduciary responsibilities
- Collect, analyze and report program related data
- Identify and measure recidivism outcomes
- Identify and measure program and service related outcomes
- Identify needs for infrastructure and data sharing
Why Is This Important?

- Allows the financial responsibilities of Realignment to be fulfilled
- Allows for completion of State and local reporting requirements
- Supports the development of infrastructure that enables storing and matching multiple data sources for the purpose of reporting, data sharing and measuring success
What Do We Get?

- 5 FTE staff
  - Senior Secretary
  - Accountant
  - Management Analyst
  - Business Technology Analyst
  - Department Information Systems Coordinator

- Reports on statistics, fiscal and budgetary items

- Contract management

- Submission of annual reports and annual surveys to the BSCC
Supervision, Alternatives to Detention, Electronic Monitoring, and Support
What Does This Program/Position Do?

- Provides direct supervision for new populations defined under realignment
- Provides staffing for specialized courts dedicated for certain offender populations
- Utilizes alternative sanctions to incarceration
- Allows for pretrial assessments and supervision, electronic monitoring, and placement into substance abuse treatment programs
Why Is This Important?

- Complies with new requirements and increased responsibilities for supervision
- Cost effective alternative to custody
- Enhanced supervision methods and protocols utilizing EBP
- Targeted treatment and referrals based on individual assessments and case plans
What Do We Get?

- Ability to manage this high risk offender population through intensive supervision, electronic monitoring services, direct facilitation, and placement into residential treatment
  - 1 FTE Probation Services Manager
  - 13 FTE Deputy Probation Officers
  - 1 FTE Office Assistant
  - 1 FTE Probation Aide

- Collaborative, enhanced supervision model that leverages resources and skills from various agencies
Health Department

Behavioral Health Division
Mental Health Services
What Does This Program/Position Do?

- Assessment for mental health and substance abuse treatment needs
- Evaluation and case management
- Collaborative service delivery model with probation staff
- Provides on site services and referrals for community based treatment
Why Is This Important?

- Mental health and substance abuse are prevalent in the criminal justice population
- Enhances offenders access to needed mental health, medication, and substance abuse services
- Streamlines access to service delivery
What Do We Get?

- 5 FTE Psychiatric Social Workers
- Staff experienced with the criminal justice population
- Expedited and streamlined treatment
- Services co-located at the Probation Re-Entry Services Center
Outpatient Treatment Services
Outpatient Treatment Services Provided:

- Crisis intervention
- Group counseling
- Individual counseling
- Medication support
- Case management
- Substance abuse treatment / referral
Why Is This Important?

- Trained BH staff on site and able to respond in crisis situations
- Timely treatment and interventions
- Individualized treatment planning
- Coordinated care
- Advocacy
What Do We Get?

- A “one stop shop” for probation and MH support
  - Group therapy and one on one services offered in-house at the Reentry Services Center
- 7 different vendors
  - Providing an array of services, individual and group
Residential Treatment Services
What Does This Program/Position Do?

- Provides housing and treatment to offenders requiring the highest level of care and supervision
- Addresses the needs of dual diagnosis and drug/alcohol addicted offenders
- Follow Nationally recognized treatment model
- Program designed to help offenders correct their thinking errors and provide opportunities to model and practice problem solving and pro-social skills
  - Utilizes CBT curriculum
  - Therapeutic work group
  - Case management
Why Is This Important?

- Meets the needs of the offender population who are unable to maintain self sufficiency
- Increases supervision and treatment for those needing high level treatment
- Matching the dosage and intensity with the level of need increases success
What Do We Get?

- 3 service providers for residential substance abuse treatment
- 1 service provider for dual diagnosis residential treatment
- Funding for crisis and in-patient hospital care at Natividad Medical Center
- “Intensive” alternative to custody
What Does This Program/Position Do?

- Provides funding and access to individuals in need of medications while applying for or reinstating benefits
Why Is This Important?

• Helps to stabilize individuals in the community in an effort to avoid them bouncing back to hospitals or jails

• Avoids unplanned hospital emergency visits and reduces recidivism due to decompensation of medical and mental health conditions
What Do We Get?

- Ability to bridge the gap and keep individuals on medications as they transition from custody and/or hospitalization to community

- Reduces emergency room visits by preventing individuals from decompensating or going into crisis due to a lack of ability to obtain medication
Questions